

Spinal Tracts

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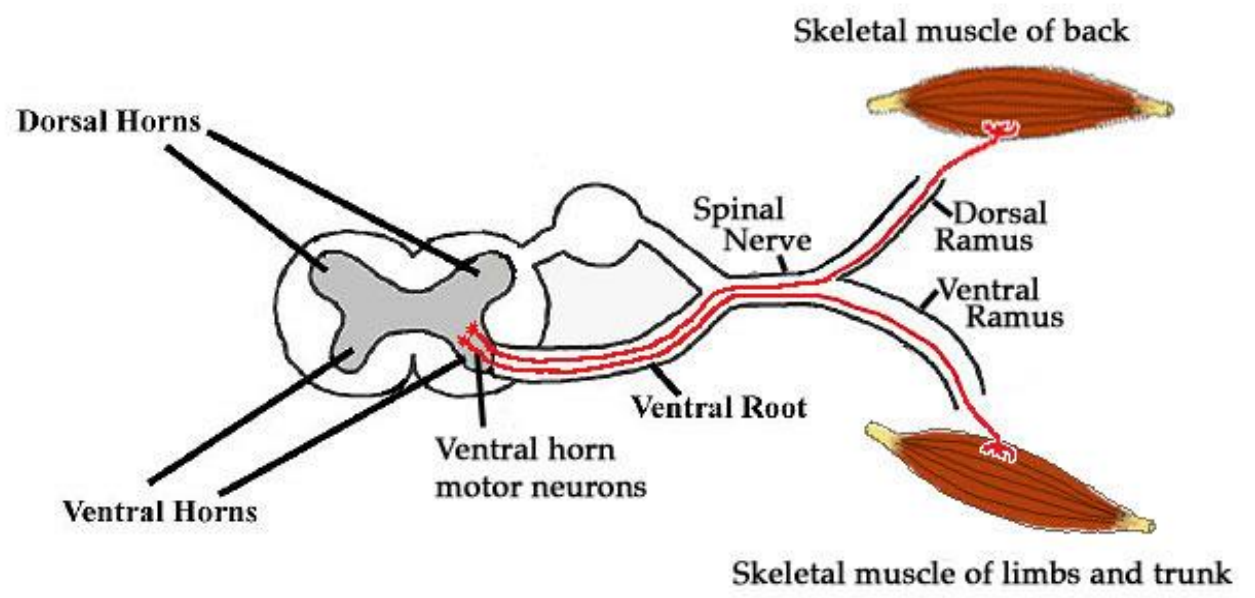
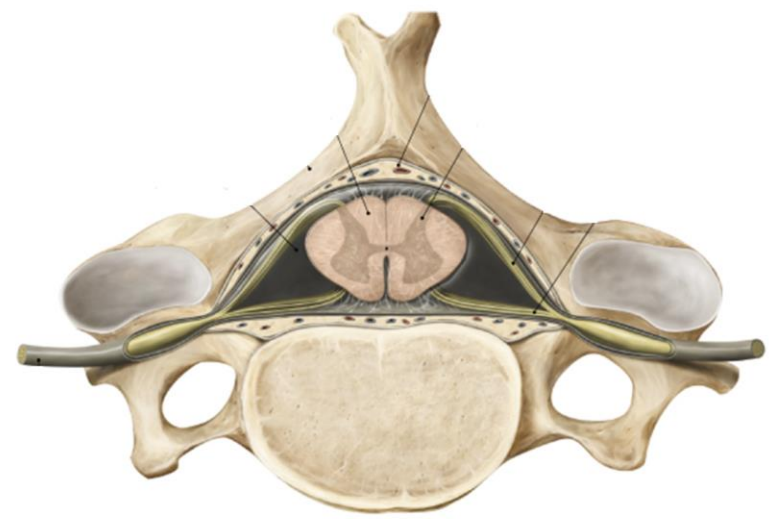
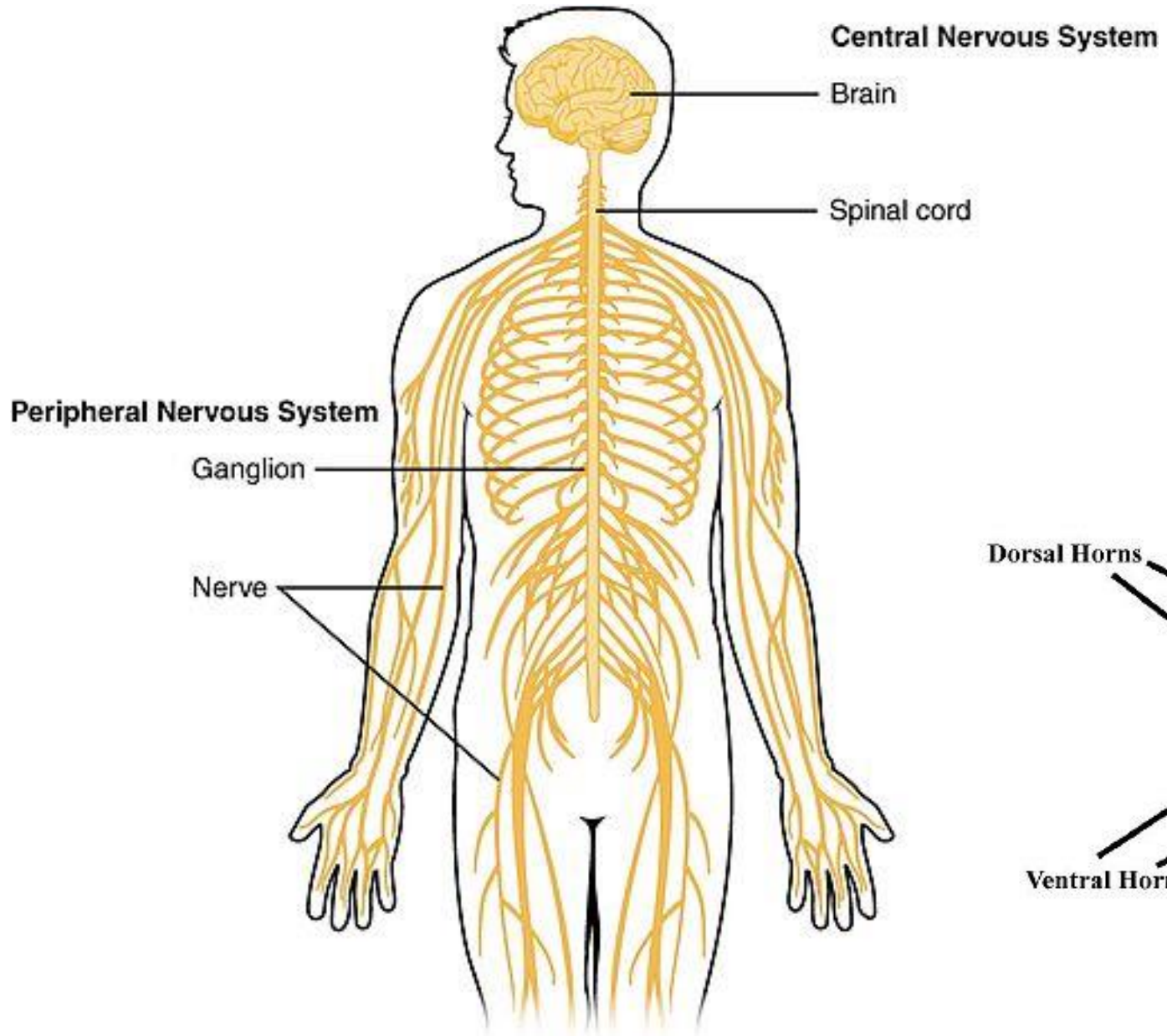
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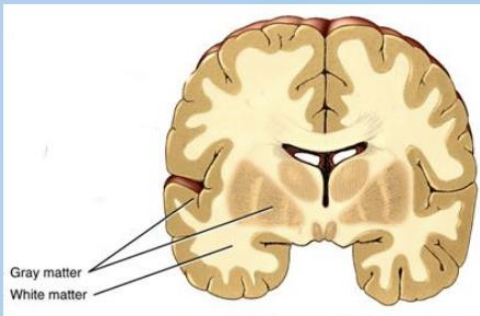
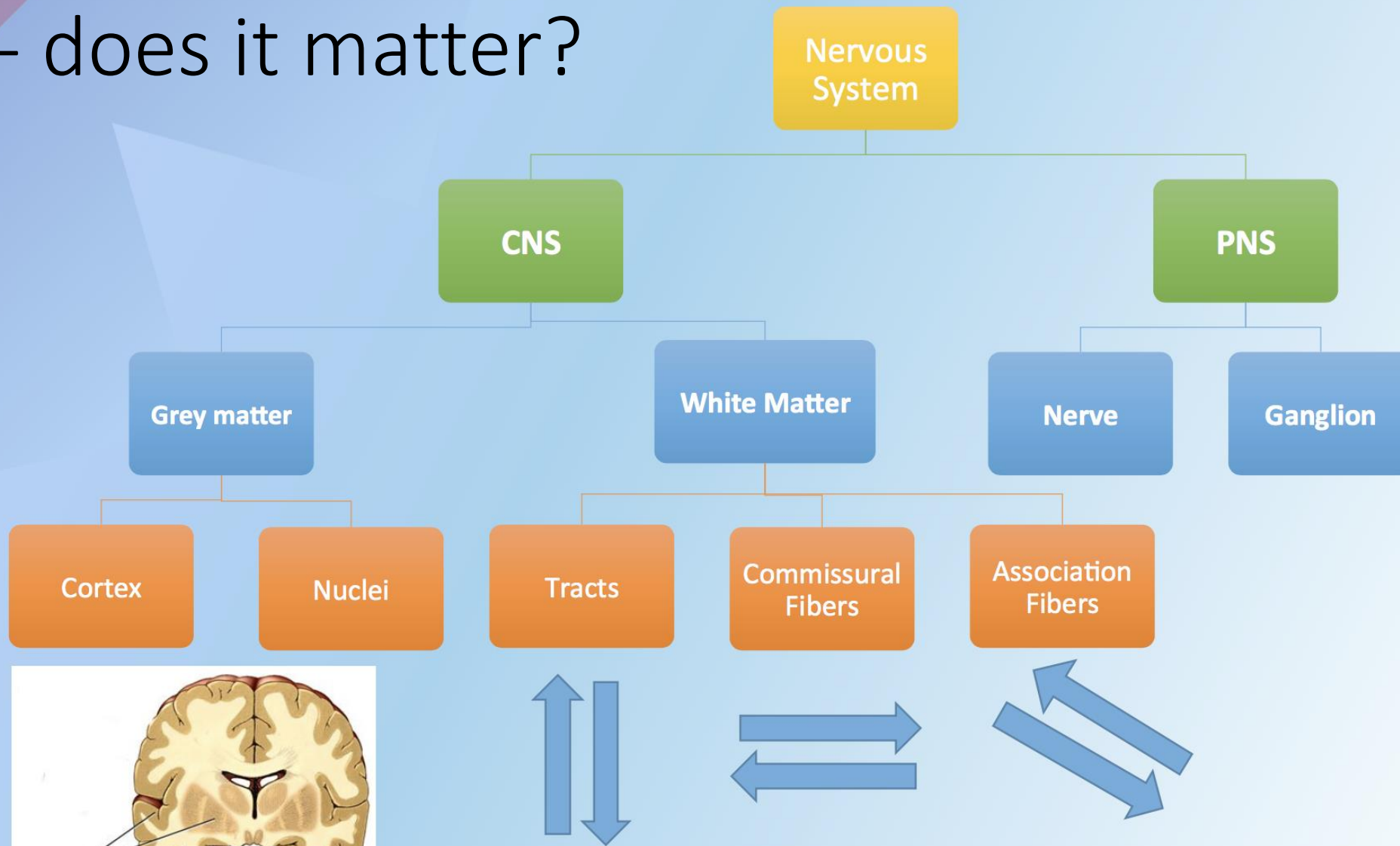
Definitions to bring home

Nerve	Ganglion	Neuron	Nucleus	Tract
<i>Collection neurons that transmits sensation or motor impulses depending on the function and destination.</i> <i>Location: PNS</i>	<i>Collection of nerve cell bodies in the PNS, typically linked by synapses.</i> <i>Location: PNS</i>	<i>A single cell transmitting electrical impulses.</i> <i>Location: both</i>	<i>Collection of nerve cell bodies in the CNS, typically linked by synapses.</i> <i>Location: CNS</i>	<i>Collection of axons traveling up or down the spinal cord, depending on function and destination.</i> <i>Location: CNS</i>



Anatomical Structure of the N.S.

- does it matter?

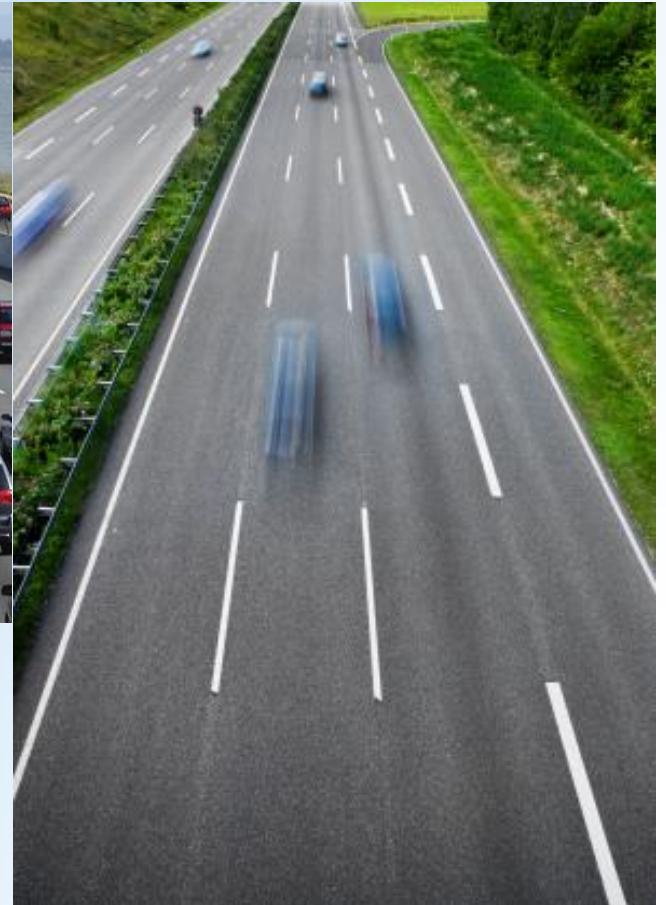


Tract - highway to pass anatomy exam?

- Highway = Tract
- Lane = Neuron
- Car = Signal



Slow...



Fast!!

Motor and descending (efferent) pathways (red)

Pyramidal tracts

- Lateral corticospinal tract
- Anterior corticospinal tract

Extrapyramidal Tracts

- Rubrospinal tract
- Reticulospinal tracts
- Olivospinal tract
- Vestibulospinal tract

Sensory and ascending (afferent) pathways (blue)

Dorsal Column Medial Lemniscus System

- Gracile fasciculus
- Cuneate fasciculus

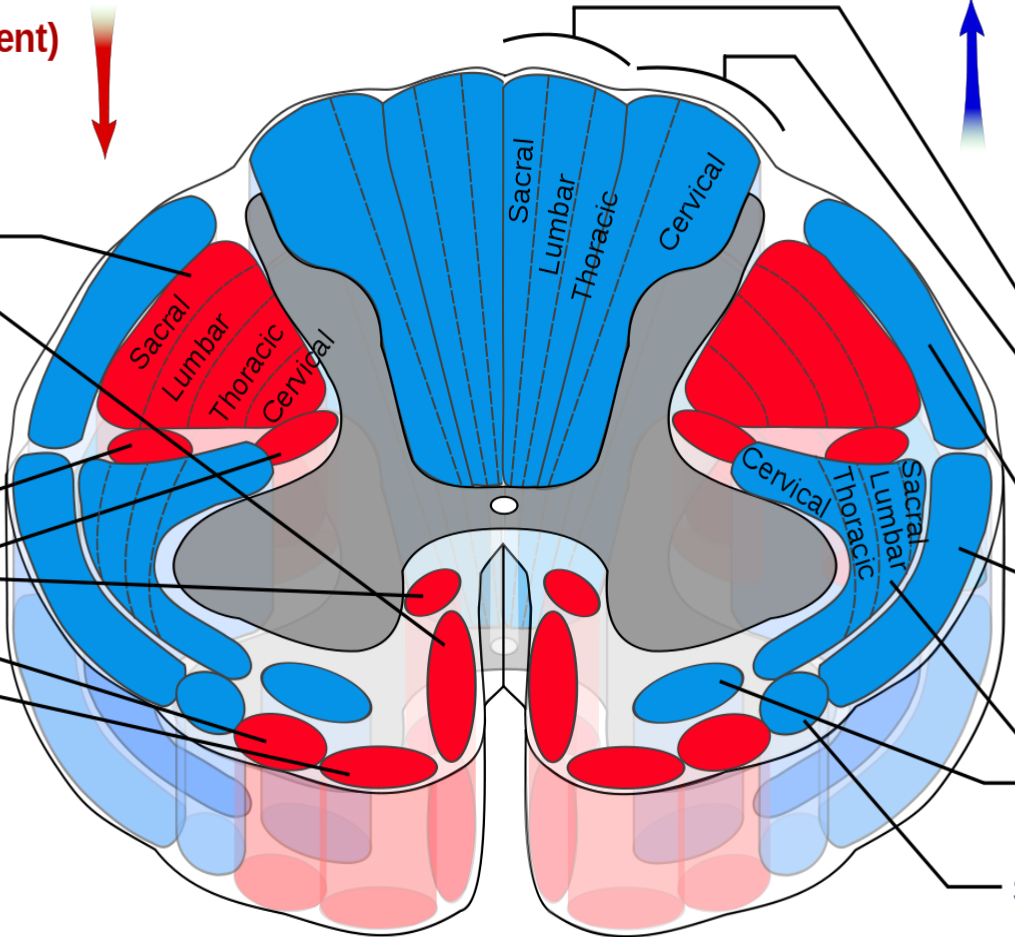
Spinocerebellar Tracts

- Posterior spinocerebellar tract
- Anterior spinocerebellar tract

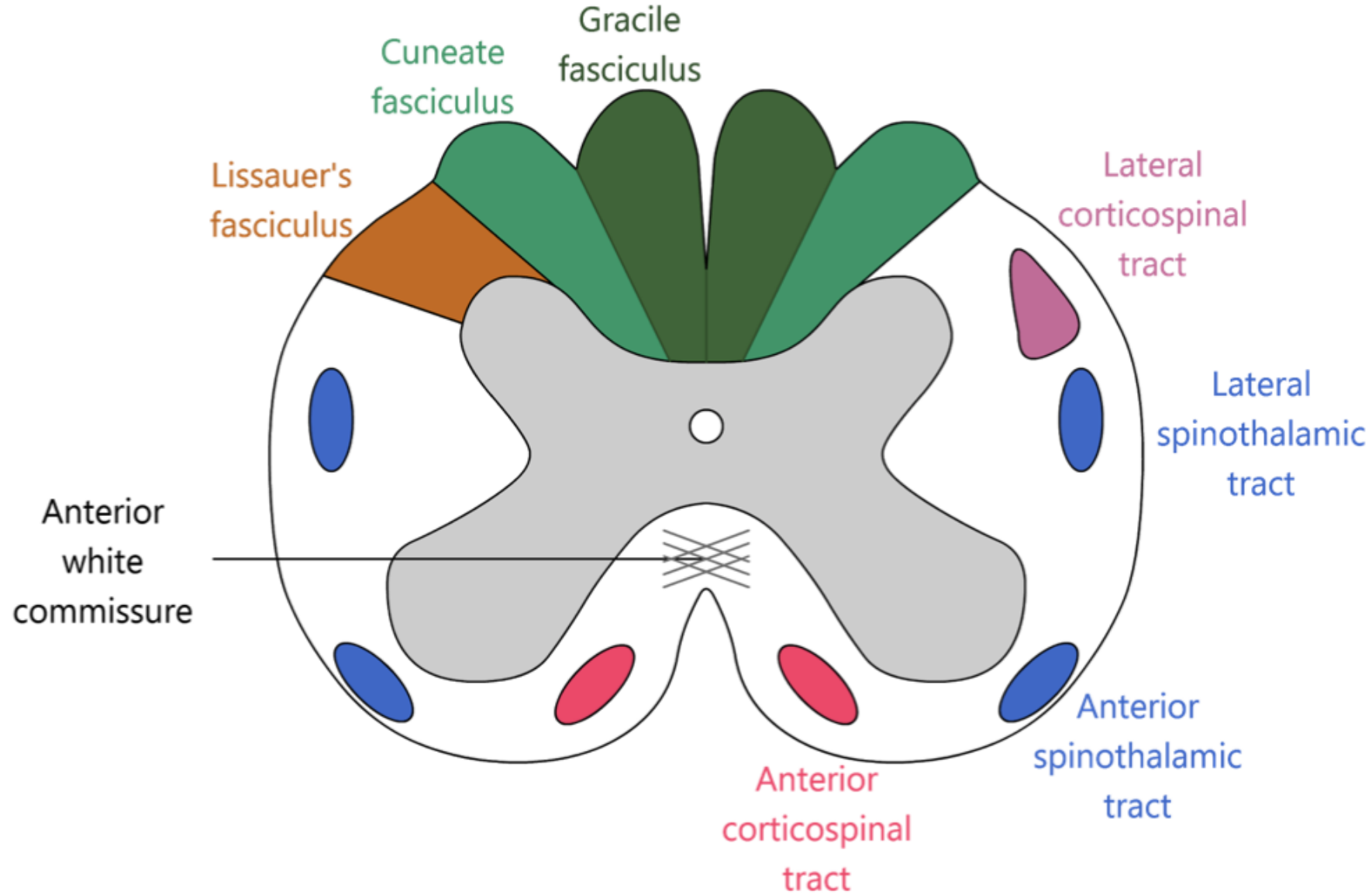
Anterolateral System

- Lateral spinothalamic tract
- Anterior spinothalamic tract

Spino-olivary fibers



Tracts of the spinal cord - overview



Just to make sure...

- Ipsilateral or contralateral
- Ventral = anterior
- Dorsal = posterior



High yield points to understand

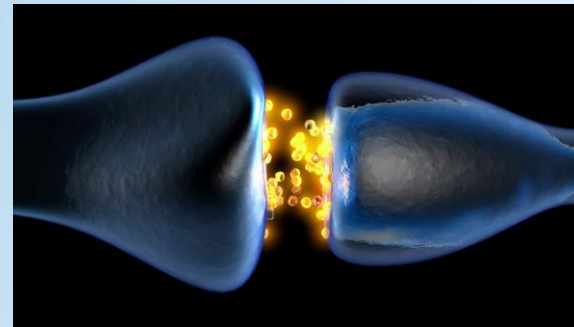
- What does the tract transmit

- Motor or sensory? If sensory: which sensation?



- Where does the neurones synapse

- 1.st, 2nd and 3rd order neron? Which ganglion/nuclei?



- Where there are decussations

- If there are any decussations at all?



ASCENDING / SENSORY TRACTS

Sensations

- * Temperature
- * Pressure
- * Pain
- * Fine touch
- * Crude touch
- * Proprioception
- * Vibration

NOT transmitted by the tracts:

~~* Visualization~~

~~* Audition~~

~~* Olfaction~~

~~* Gustation~~

Sensations

Precise sensation	Primitive sensation
Fine touch	Crude touch
Pressure	Pain
Vibration	Temperature
Proprioception	<i>Other: sexual, itching, tickling</i>



Ascending tracts / Sensory tracts

Dorsal column	Lat. Spinothalamic	Ant. Spinothalamic
Fine touch	Pain	Crude touch
Pressure	Temperature	
Vibration		
Proprioception		

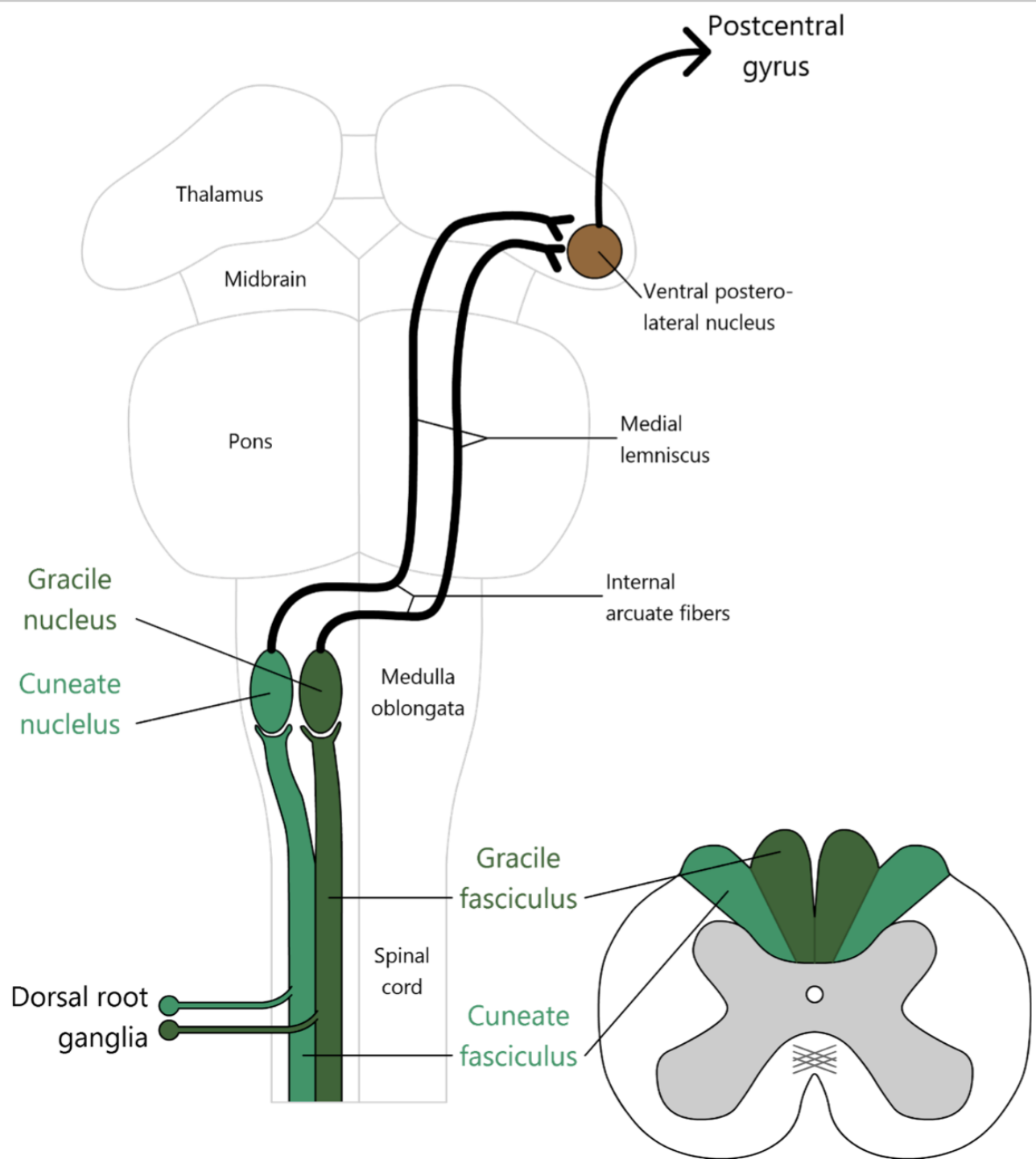
Dorsal Column-Medial Lemniscus Pathway

(Spinobulbothalamocortical tract)

Transmits precise sensation:

- Fine touch
- Pressure
- Vibration
- Proprioception





Dorsal column summary

DORSAL COLUMN MEDIUM LEMNISCUS

Transmission	Synapses / Pathway	Decussation
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fine touch• Pressure• Vibration• Proprioception	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. <i>order neuron</i>: DRG2. <i>order neuron</i>: Cuneate & Gracile nuclei3. <i>order neuron</i>: ventral posterolateral nucleus (thalamus)	Decussate as <i>internal arcuate fibers</i> in the medulla, then become <i>medial lemniscus</i>

Above T4	Below T4
Upper limb	Lower limb
Cuneate fasciculus/nucleus	Gracile fasciculus/nucleus

Spinothalamic tract

Anterior part transmit primitive sensation:

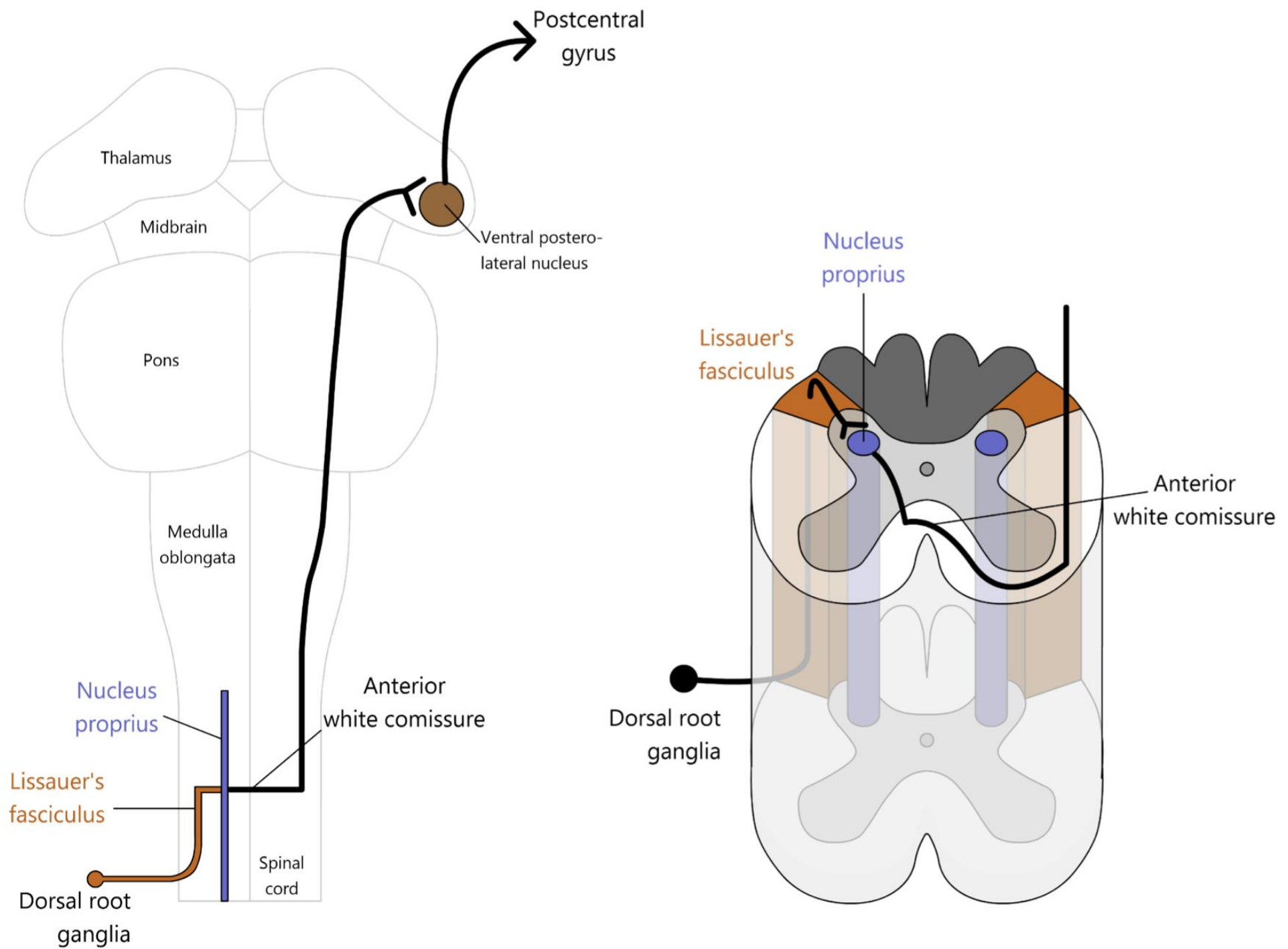
- Crude touch

Lateral part transmit primitive sensation:

- Pain
- Temperature

sPinoThalamicC





SPINOTHALAMIC TRACT

Transmission	Synapses / Pathway	Decussation
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pain• Temperature• Crude touch	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><i>1. order neuron:</i> DRG<i>2. order neuron:</i> Nucleus Proprius of dorsal horn (Spinal cord)<i>3. order neuron:</i> Ventral posterolateral nucleus (thalamus)	<i>Anterior white commissure</i> of spinal cord

Spinocerebellar tract

	Dorsal Spinocerebellar Tract	Ventral Spinocerebellar Tract
Enter spinal cord:	Dorsally (Clarks – C8 to S3)	Dorsally
Decussation:	None	Twice (<i>in spinal cord and cerebellum</i>)
Enter cerebellum:	Inferior cerebellar peduncle	Superior cerebellar peduncle
Site of sensation:	Ipsilateral	Ipsilateral

DESCENDING / MOTOR TRACTS

Descending tracts / Motor tracts

Anterior Corticospinal Tract	Lateral Corticospinal Tract	Corticobulbar Tract
Primitive muscle movement	Advanced muscle movement	Muscle movement of head, neck and face

NB!!
Corticospinal tract = Pyramidal tract



Corticospinal tract (Pyramidal tract)

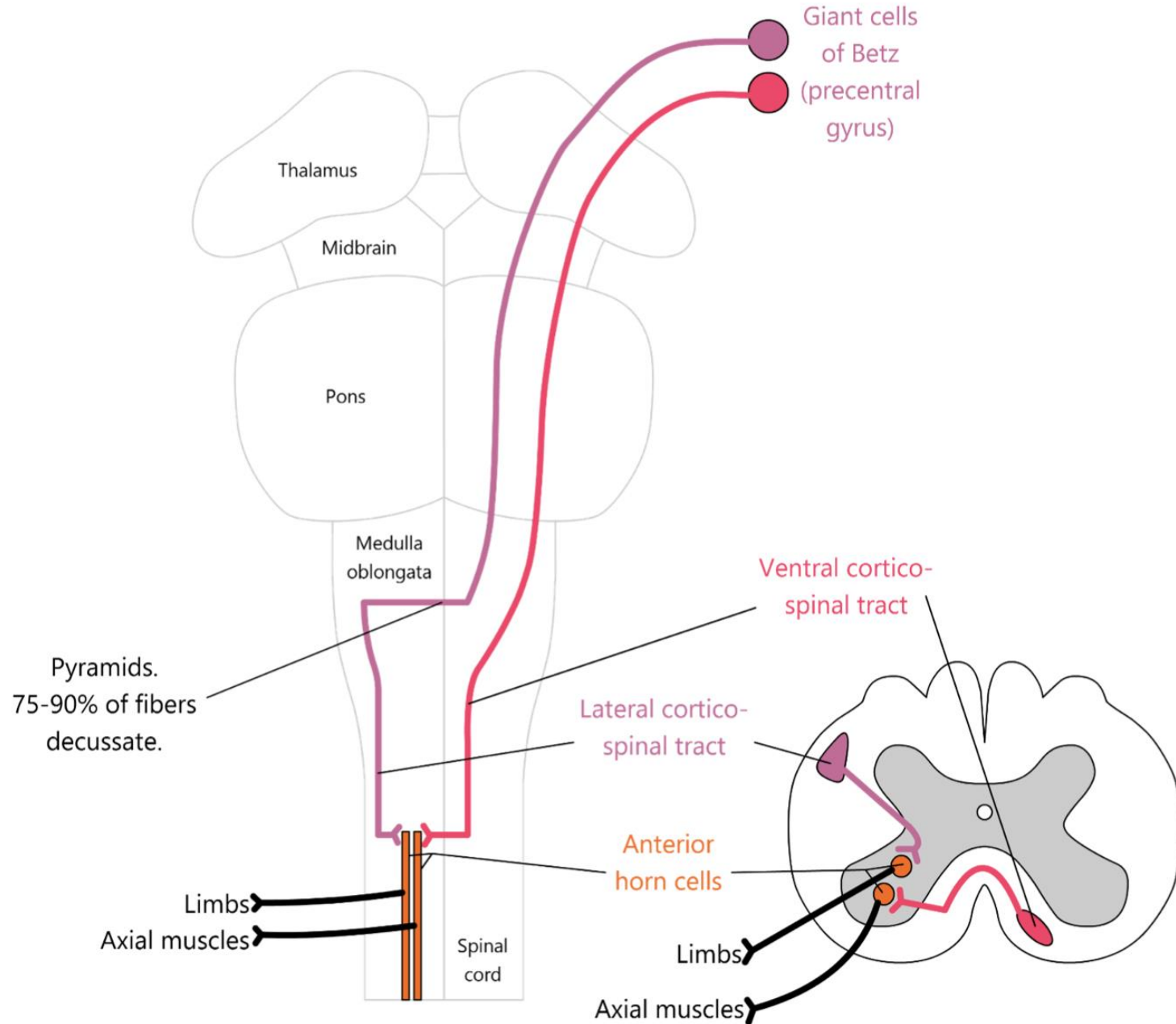
Transmission of:

- Motor function to contralateral limb

Divided into:

- Anterior part
- Lateral part

Corticospinal tracts



Corticospinal Tract Summary

CORTICOSPINAL TRACT

Transmission	Synapses / Pathway	Decussation
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Motor function to contralateral limb	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. <i>order neuron</i>: Giant cells of Betz in precentral gyrus (motor cortex)2. <i>order neuron</i>: Anterior horn cells of spinal cord	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 75 – 90% in pyramidal decussation (to contralateral lateral white column)• 10 – 25% in anterior white commissure of spinal cord

Corticobulbar Tract

	Corticobulbar Tract
Origin:	Cortex (Giant cells of Betz)
Destination:	Different motor nucleus in brainstem
Function:	Innervate CN nucleus which control muscle movement of head, neck and face

SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF TRACTS OF THE SPINAL CORD

	Transmission	Synapses / Pathway		Decussation
<i>Dorsal column-medial lemniscus pathway</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fine touch • Pressure • Vibration • Proprioception 	1. order neuron	DRG	Medulla (<i>as internal arcuate fibers</i>)
		2. order neuron	Gracile or Cuneate nucleus	
		3. order neuron	VPL (thalamus)	
<i>Spinothalamic tract</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pain • Temperature • Crude touch 	1. order neuron	DRG	Anterior white commissure (AWC)
		2. order neuron	Nucleus proprius	
		3. order neuron	VPL (thalamus)	
<i>Corticospinal tract</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motor function 	1. order neuron	Giant cells of Betz	Medullary pyramids, AWC
		2. order neuron	Anterior horn cells	

